



Halle

STATE IN SAXONY-ANHALT

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1.0 History



first mentioned in a document in 961

salt springs caused by the colliding of two earth plates in the centre of Halle

Salt was the most important resource for a very long time

in the 8. century fountains were built at the springs

Salt workers were called "Haloren" from the 18. century onward

Nowadays you can find bronze plates there

in a museum called "Saline" you can still see the traditional way of winning salt



2.1 Georg Friedrich Händel

he was born in Halle on 5th March 1685

he died in London on 14th April 1759

his mother was Dorothea Händel, his father was Georg Händel and he has 3 brothers and 5 sister

he studied music and became a musician but especially a composer

→ was also encouraged as a child by his mother in music

composed over 40 operas, 25 oratorios, church music, orchestral works and chamber music

Interesting facts about G.F. Händel:

was appreciated by numerous composers in Magdeburg, Leipzig and later in Italy and London

→ because he live later in Italy and London

Händel was considered a man of principles, values, social commitment and a very creative spirit of his time



2.2 Martin Luther

11.Oktober.1483: Marthin Luther was born in Eisleben

1501-1505: he studied at the University of Erfurt

1505: he committed himself to become a monk

1505: Luther joined the Augustinian monastery

1507: Luther was ordained a priest in Erfurt and began to study theology

Martin Luther and the catholic church:

People bought their way out of hell with indulgences. Luther wanted to abolish the indulgences and published 95 theses in 1517 to improve the situation. He proposed to change the catholic church. Because not everyone liked his ideas, he eventually became the founder of a new denomination, the evangelical Lutheran churches.



3.1 Peißnitz island

- since 1893 there were built many facilities have to offer free time activities
- river island
- surrounded by the river Saale
- length from north to south: ca. 2,5km
- the most famous attractions are:
- "Parkeisenbahn"- a small railroad, which offers a round trip
- "Frelichtbühne"- a stage for open-air festivals
- "Peißnitzhaus"- an excursion restaurant
- and of course for children lots of playgrounds with wooden



3.2 Giebichenstein castle

- Castle in Halle
- located by the river Salle
- part of the "Romanesque Road"
- the lower castle is one part of the "Giebichstein castle University of art"
- created between 900-1000
- there were written many legends about the castle
- for example "Ludwig the Jumper"



3.3 Moritzburg

built in 1503 for archbishops of Magdeburg
(capital of Saxony Anhalt)

named after the patron Saint Maurice

was built in the style of the late Gothic/the
early Renaissance

in the late 19th century, the Moritzburg got an
arts museum with national importance

in 2005 to 2008 the northern and the western
part of the Moritzburg got replaced to expand
the Museum

the Moritz is still used as an art museum



3.4 Marktkirche

evangelic church in the center of Halle(Saale)
built between 1529 and 1554
replaced two former churches in the market
area of Halle
considered as one of the most important
buildings of the late Gothic period in central
Germany
houses one of the oldest the German church
libraries the so called “Marienbibliothek”
 (“Marian Library”)



sources

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